23 JUL 2004

Applicar	re or s	igent's file reference	¬			
91.M1002WO36 FOR FUL			FOR FURTHE		Freeminary (	ion of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/PEA/416)
29.10.20		International filing 29.10.2002		Nyear)	Priority date (day/month/year) 24.01.2002	
Internation	onal Pa	stent Classification (IPC) or t	oth national classifica	tion and IPC		
A23L3/	18					
SIG MA	NZIN	II S.P.A. et al.				
1. Th Au	is inte thority	mational preliminary exam and is transmitted to the	mination report has applicant according	been prepare g to Article 36	ed by this Int	ernational Preliminary Examining
2. Th	s REF	PORT consists of a total c	of 5 sheets, includin	g this cover	sheet.	
Ø	Thi bee (see	s report is also accompar in amended and are the to Pulle 70.16 and Section	nied by ANNEXES, i pasis for this report of 607 of the Adminis	i.e. sheets of and/or sheets trative Instru	the descripti containing r	on, claims and/or drawings which have ectifications made before this Authority
The	se an	nexes consist of a total or	f 5 sheets.		and a bridge	me rotj.
3. This	s repo	rt contains indications rela	eting to the fallenting			
1	⊠		and materiality	y nems:		
11		Basis of the opinion Priority				
111		•	-ini			
IV		Lack of unity of invention	piriion waa regard to	novelty, inve	entive step a	nd industrial applicability
٧	Ø		der Bule 88 2/51/81	with regard to	novelty, inv	rentive step or industrial applicability;
VI		Certain documents cited		omenital!		•
VII		Certain defects in the Int	ternational application	on		
VIII		Certain observations on	the international ap	plication		
ate of subr	missior	of the demand				
				Date of cor	pletion of this	report
3.06.200				19.07.20	04	
ame and m	enilar Xamin	address of the International ing authority:		Authorized	Officer	
	Euro	pean Patent Office		1		print the second
<i>9</i> ))	Tel. 4	298 Munich +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523856	epmu d	Merki, B		
	rax:	+49 89 2399 • 4485		Telephone i	Vo. +49 89 239	99-2138

International application No.

PCT/IT 02/00690

	i.	Basis	of the	report
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 With regard to the elements of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filled" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

		Description, Pages	
		1, 2, 4	as originally filed
		3, 5, 6	received on 05.07.2004 with letter of 02.07.2004
		Claims, Numbers	
		1-3	received on 05.07.2004 with letter of 02.07.2004
	ı	Drawings, Sheets	
	1	1/3-3/3	as originally filed
2			guage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	T	hese elements were	available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:
		the language of a	translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
		3 Q P -	Products of the international application funder Dule 46 d/s.)
		the language of a Rule 55.2 and/or 5	translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 5.3).
3	. W	lith regard to any nuc temational preliminar	cleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the yexamination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
		contained in the in	ternational application in written form.
		filed together with	the international application in computer readable form.
		furnished subseque	ently to this Authority in written form.
		furnished subsequi	ently to this Authority in computer readable form.
		J Π8 Statement that	the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure application as filed has been furnished.
		The statement that listing has been fun	the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence
4.	The		resulted in the cancellation of:
		the description,	pages:
	O	the claims,	Nos.:
		the drawings,	sheets:
		_	



International application No.

PCT/IT 02/00690

been considered to (	established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have to beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).
	eet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this

6. Additional observations, if necessary:

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)		Claims Claims	1-3
Inventive step (IS)		Claims Claims	1-3
Industrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims	1-3

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

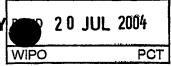
Item V:

- 1. D1: EP-A-0 780 056 (NESTLE SA) 25 June 1997 (1997-06-25)
  - D2: GB-A-1 550 434 (KRAFTCO CORP) 15 August 1979 (1979-08-15)
  - D3: DE 199 02 610 C (STEPHAN & SOEHNE) 8 June 2000 (2000-06-08)
  - D4: GB 264 278 A (HARRY CHARLES DAVIS; MOLASSINE COMPANY LTD) 20 January 1927 (1927-01-20)
  - D5: EP-A-0 403 137 (GEN FOODS INC) 19 December 1990 (1990-12-19)
  - D6: US-A-5 906 853 (SMITH GARY F) 25 May 1999 (1999-05-25)
- A method for sterilizing food products by injection of steam and mixing the heated 2. product by means of a dynamic mixer is known from D1 (page 2, last line - page 3, line 2; drawings), D3 (page 1, lines 17-23), D4 (page 1, lines 13-88; drawings) and D6 (col. 4, line 51 - col. 5, line 26; drawings). The dynamic mixer in D1 consists of a rotating shaft (14) comprising disks (15) comprising holes (26). In D1 the heating and mixing step are simultanous (Fig. 1, right hand part of the drawing, steam inlets (13) and dynamic mixing device (15)). Due to the rotation of the shaft mixing and homogenisation of the product to which steam has been injected will be achieved. In D3 an apparatus is disclosed as prior art wherein a steam treated product is treated by a powered mixing device, eg a screw. The heating and mixing takes place simultaneusly (Fig. 3). In D4 the dynamic mixer consists of a power-driven shaft (g) provided with paddles (j) to cause the steam treated ingredients to be intimately mixed. In D4 the heating and mixing step are simultaneous and the steam injection takes place by a plurality of nozzles (I) directly associated with the dynamic mixture (Figure). In D6 the dynamic mixer consists of a power driven (22) rotor comprising a shaft (20) comprising parallel, axially extending rods (24) attached thereto to agitate the steam treated (14) product.

However, the amended claims meet the requirements of novelty as in none of the documents cited in the search report a method for sterilizing food products is disclosed comprising the subsequent steps of heating the product by injection of steam to insure asepsis of the product, mixing the product through at least one static mixer and then mixing the product through a dynamic mixer. Therefore the requirements of novelty (Art. 33(2) PCT are regarded to be met.

 The problem of the present application was to provide a method for sterilizing food products which allows uniformly to heat the products without deterioriation of its properties and which is simple and economical to implement. D1 is regarded to represent the closest prior art. D1 differs from the presently claimed subject-matter in that there is no additional static mixer and in that steam injection and dynamic mixing take place simultaneously. Although the further addition of a static mixer could be regarded as an option the skilled person there was no hint in the prior art to separate the steam injection step from the dynamic mixing step by means af a staic mixer. Therefore the requirements of inventive step (Art. 33(3) PCT) are regarded to be met with respect to claims 1-3.

# PENT COOPERATION TREATY PCT



## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT (PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

25 JUL 2004

		E. W. C
Applicant's or agent's file reference 91.M1002WO36	FOR FURTHER ACTION Se Pro	e Notification of Transmittal of International eliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
nternational application No. PCT/IT 02/00690	International filing date (day/month/ye 29.10.2002	Priority date (day/month/year) 24.01.2002
nternational Patent Classification (IFA23L3/18	PC) or both national classification and IPC	•
Applicant SIG MANZINI S.P.A. et al.,,	eth control	And the second s
This international prelimina     Authority and is transmitte	ary examination report has been prepared d to the applicant according to Article 36.	by this International Preliminary Examining
2. This REPORT consists of	a total of 5 sheets, including this cover sh	eet.
heen amended and a	companied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the are the basis for this report and/or sheets of Section 607 of the Administrative Instructi	ne description, claims and/or drawings which have containing rectifications made before this Authority ions under the PCT).
These annexes consist of	a total of 5 sheets.	
<ol> <li>This report contains indica</li> <li>I ⊠ Basis of the op</li> </ol>		ORRECTED
II Priority		
III □ Non-establishr IV □ Lack of unity o	nent of opinion with regard to novelty, inve	entive step and industrial applicability
V ⊠ Reasoned stat		o novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
VI 🔲 Certain docum		
	s in the international application	
VIII □ Certain observ	ations on the international application	et i ···
Date of submission of the demand	Date of co	mpletion of this report
23.06.2003	19.07.20	004
Name and mailing address of the in preliminary examining authority:		l Officer
European Patent Off D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0	Tx: 523656 epmu d	<b>39.</b>
Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4	465 Telephone	No. +49 89 2399-2138

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/IT 02/00690

<ol> <li>Basis of the rep</li> </ol>	port	rei	the	of	Basis	l.
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1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Desc	eription, Pages	
	1, 2,	4	as originally filed
	3, 5,	6	received on 05.07.2004 with letter of 02.07.2004
	. 10		et et e
	Clair	ns, Numbers	
	1-3		received on 05.07.2004 with letter of 02.07.2004
	Drav	vings, Sheets	
	1/3-3	3/3	as originally filed
2.	With lang	regard to the <b>langua</b> uage in which the inte	ge, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the ernational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.
	The	se elements were ava	ilable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:
			nslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
		the language of publi	cation of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
-		the language of a train Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3	nslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under
3.	With	n regard to any <b>nucle</b> rnational preliminary e	otide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application; the examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:
		contained in the inter	national application in written form.
		filed together with the	e international application in computer readable form.
		furnished subsequen	tly to this Authority in written form.
			itly to this Authority in computer readable form.
		The statement that the	ne subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure pplication as filed has been furnished.
		The statement that the listing has been furnit	ne information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.
4.	The	e amendments have re	esulted in the cancellation of:
		the description,	pages:
		the claims,	Nos.:
		the drawings,	sheets:

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/IT 02/00690

5. 🗆	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).
	(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

- 6. Additional observations, if necessary:
- V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- 1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims
No: Claims

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims
No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims
No: Claims

1-3
No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

#### International application No. PCT/IT 02/00690 INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY

**EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET** 

#### Item V:

D1: EP-A-0 780 056 (NESTLE SA) 25 June 1997 (1997-06-25) 1.

D2: GB-A-1 550 434 (KRAFTCO CORP) 15 August 1979 (1979-08-15)

D3: DE 199 02 610 C (STEPHAN & SOEHNE) 8 June 2000 (2000-06-08)

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10 1 1

D5: EP-A-0 403 137 (GEN FOODS INC) 19 December 1990 (1990-12-19)

D6: US-A-5 906 853 (SMITH GARY F) 25 May 1999 (1999-05-25)

A method for sterilizing food products by injection of steam and mixing the heated 2: product by means of a dynamic mixer is known from D1 (page 2, last line - page 3, line 2; drawings), D3 (page 1, lines 17-23), D4 (page 1, lines 13-88; drawings) and D6 (col. 4, line 51 - col. 5, line 26; drawings). The dynamic mixer in D1 consists of a rotating shaft (14) comprising disks (15) comprising holes (26). In D1 the heating and mixing step are simultanous (Fig. 1, right hand part of the drawing, steam inlets (13) and dynamic mixing device (15)). Due to the rotation of the shaft mixing and homogenisation of the product to which steam has been injected will be achieved. In D3 an apparatus is disclosed as prior art wherein a steam treated product is treated by a powered mixing device, eg a screw. The heating and mixing takes place simultanously (Fig. 3). In D4 the dynamic mixer consists of a power-driven shaft (g) provided with paddles (j) to cause the steam treated ingredients to be intimately mixed. In D4 the heating and mixing step are simultaneous and the steam injection takes place by a plurality of nozzles (I) directly associated with the dynamic mixture (Figure). In D6 the dynamic mixer consists of a power driven (22) rotor comprising a shaft (20) comprising parallel, axially extending rods (24) attached thereto to agitate the steam treated (14) product.

However, the amended claims meet the requirements of novelty as in none of the documents cited in the search report a method for sterilizing food products is disclosed comprising the subsequent steps of heating the product by injection of steam to insure asepsis of the product, mixing the product through at least one static mixer and then mixing the product through a dynamic mixer. Therefore the requirements of novelty (Art. 33(2) PCT are regarded to be met.

The problem of the present application was to provide a method for sterilizing food 3. products which allows uniformly to heat the products without deterioriation of its

#### International application No. PCT/IT 02/00690 INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

properties and which is simple and economical to implement. D1 is regarded to represent the closest prior art. D1 differs from the presently claimed subject-matter in that there is no additional static mixer and in that steam injection and dynamic mixing take place simultaneously. Although the further addition of a static mixer could be regarded as an option the skilled person there was no hint in the prior art to separate the steam injection step from the dynamic mixing step by means af a staic mixer. Therefore the requirements of inventive step (Art. 33(3) PCT) are regarded to be met with respect to claims 1-3.





An additional drawback, therefore, is represented by the impossibility of throttling the plant, without compromising the asepsis of the product at the end of the treatment.

#### DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION.

An aim of the present invention is to eliminate the aforesaid drawbacks making available a method for sterilising food products, in particular purees and/or concentrates, which allows uniformly to heat the product to be treated, without any deterioration of its quality.

An additional aim of the present invention is to propose a sterilising method
that allows to throttle the plant, without compromising the asepsis of the final
product.

Another aim of the present invention is make available a method that allows a chemical-physical homogenisation of the product, drastically reducing its degradation.

15 A further aim of the present invention is to propose a sterilisation method that is simple and economical to implement.

Said aims are fully achieved by the method for sterilising food products, in particular purees and/or concentrates, of the present invention, which is characterised by the content of the claims set out below and in particular in

that the method provides for executing the mixing step by means of at leasta dynamic mixer.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS.

This and other characteristics shall become more readily apparent from the following description of a preferred embodiment of the method illustrated, purely by way of non limiting example, in the accompanying drawing tables,

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a static mixer.

Figure 3 shows, purely by way of example, a possible embodiment of a static mixer able to carry out the aforesaid mixing step in accordance with the method.

With reference to Figure 3, the static mixer is globally indicated with the number 5 and comprises a tubular body 6 inside which flows the product, typically food puree or concentrate, a plurality of fixed baffles 7, positioned inside the tubular body and so shaped as to operate continuous deviations of the product and separation of the threads, to allow its mixing by effect of the turbulence that develops.

Figure 1 shows a possible embodiment of the method according to the invention.

The product flows inside a conduit 100, which has undulated inner walls in accordance with the prior art and is provided with a plurality of steam injectors 200.

Subsequently, the heated product flows inside one or more static mixers 105, which perform a first coarse mixing to uniform the temperature of the product.

Thereafter, the pre-mixed product reaches a dynamic mixer 101 which performs a fine mixing, uniforming the temperature of the product and assuring its sterilisation.

According to an embodiment variation, the heating and mixing steps can be simultaneous. In this case, the steam injection takes place by means of a plurality of nozzles preferably associated directly to the dynamic mixer, thereby obtaining a single processing stage.

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The method of the invention achieves important advantages.

First of all, such a method allows to heat the product in uniform fashion, assuring temperature stability and guaranteeing asepsis. In particular, the use of a dynamic mixer allows a chemical-physical homogenisation of the product, drastically reducing its degradation and safeguarding the organoleptic characteristics such as taste and colour, or the physical characteristics, such as viscosity and consistency.

Secondly, a mixing step carried out by means of dynamic mixers allows to throttle the plant, without compromising a uniform temperature distribution inside the product and thus guaranteeing the asepsis of the final product.

Advantageously, said method is simple and economical to implement and can be used to sterilise even products with high viscosity.

Another advantage is represented by the fact that, given the presence of dynamic mixers, the static mixers and the undulated conduits into which the steam is injected can have reduced length, since the turbulence created by them in the product is not the sole source of mixing action. Thanks to conduits of reduced length, therefore, it is possible to reduce head losses inside the plant, achieving considerable energy savings and lower pressures of the injected steam. This is even more readily apparent if the heating step is simultaneous with the mixing step and both take place inside a dynamic mixer, in accordance with the described embodiment variation.



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#### **CLAIMS**

- 1. Method for sterilising food products, in particular purees and/or concentrates, comprising the distinct and subsequent steps of:
- heating the product by injection of steam at predetermined temperature to ensure the asepsis of the product;
- mixing the product through at least a static mixer (105) to allow a substantially uniform distribution of the steam;
- characterised in that the mixing step takes place by means of at least a dynamic mixer.
- mixing the product in a dynamic mixer (101) which performs a fine mixing, the static and dynamic mixing performing an equal heating of the product uniforming the temperature of the product and ensuring its sterilisation.
  - 2. Method as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that the dynamic mixer comprises:
    - at least a tank for collecting the product;
    - at least an agitator associated with the tank and operatively active on the product to mix it;
    - means for actuating the agitator.
- 3. Method as claimed in claim 1, characterised in that it further comprises
   a step of mixing the product by means of at least a static mixer.
- 3. A. Method as claimed in claim 3, characterised in that the static mixer comprises:
  - at least a tubular body within which the product flows;
- 25 a plurality of fixed baffles, positioned inside the tubular body and so shaped





as to operate continuous deviations of the product, to allow its mixing.

- 5. Method as claimed in claim-1, characterised in that the heating and mixing steps are simultaneous.
- 6. Method as claimed in claim 5, characterised in that the steam injection takes place by means of a plurality of nozzles directly associated with the dynamic mixer.